

OGDEN REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER Name: EHRHART, JEAN

I Exam Date: 01/08/2021 Status: DEP CLI

EXAMS START DATE/TIME RAD DEXA

DEXA BONE MINERAL ANALYSIS - 1/8/2021

CLINICAL HISTORY:

GENDER: F

Followup. Post menopausal. Hormone blocker.

Family history of osteoporosis. Actonel. Caucasian. Calcium.

# DEXA FINDINGS:

Bone mineral density scan was performed using a GE Lunar Prodigy machine.

AP L SPINE: The bone mineral density as determined from the AP spine L1-L2 is 0.845 gm/cm2 with a T-score of -2.7 and a Z-score of -1.0.

Bilateral proximal femur(s) were scanned.

LOWEST HIP VALUE: The bone mineral density as determined from the left femur neck is 0.694 gm/cm2 with a T-score of -2.5 and a Z-score of -0.8.

FOREARM: Left radius at 33% region is 0.728 gm/cm2 with a T-score of -1.7 and a Z-score of 0.1.

#### TRENDING:

Current Lumbar Scan vs. Baseline Scan (11/26/2007) BMD of 0.985 gm/cm<sup>2</sup> CHANGE OF; -14.2% This change is statistically significant.

Current Lumbar Scan vs. Most Recent Scan (7/26/2018) BMD of 0.940 gm/cm2

CHANGE OF: -10.1% This change is statistically significant.

Current Total Mean Femur Scan vs. Baseline Scan (11/26/2007) BMD of 0.900 gm/cm2

CHANGE OF: -9.9% This change is statistically significant.

Current Total Mean Femur Scan vs. Most Recent Scan (7/26/2018) BMD of 0.853 gm/cm2

CHANGE OF: -4.9% This change is statistically significant.

Current Forearm Scan vs. Baseline Scan (12/22/2014) BMD of 0.778 gm/cm2

CHANGE OF: -6.4% This change is statistically significant.

Current Forearm Scan vs. Most Recent Scan (7/26/2018) BMD of 0.746 gm/cm2

PAGE 1 Signed Report (CONTINUED)



# EXAMS START DATE/TIME

RAD DEXA <Continued>

CHANGE OF: -2.4% This change is not statistically significant.

#### IMPRESSION:

ACCORDING TO THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION'S DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES, THIS PATIENT IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE OSTEOPOROSIS.

## )TRABECULAR BONE SCORE

The Trabecular Bone Score (TBS) is a gray-level textural metric that can be extracted from the two-dimensional lumbar spine dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA) image. TBS is related to the bone microarchitecture and provides skeletal information that is not captured from the standard bone mineral density (BMD) measurement. An elevated TBS value correlates with better skeletal microstructure; a low TBS value correlates with weaker skeletal microstructure.

### TBS FINDINGS:

Data extracted from DXA scan of the Lumbar Spine was used.

TBS Result is 1.214. This score represents bone microarchitecture that is PARTIALLY DEGRAFDED (<1.350 and >1.200).

TBS T-score is -2.9 and the TBS Z-score is -0.4.

FRAX result not calculated because the patient is on prescription treatment for bone loss.

\*\* Electronically Signed by JOSE TAMAYO-PEREZ MD \*\*

\*\* on 01/14/2021 at 1022 \*\*

Reported and signed by JOSE TAMASYO-FEREZ MD